PARASHAT SHOFETIM

18-19 AUGUST

2 ELUL

Righteousness, Righteousness Shall You Pursue



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This week's parasha begins with the various obligations of judges and what to look out for when choosing a court. The verse states, "Righteousness, righteousness shall you pursue". Rashi (1040-1105) comments on this, that when choosing a court, one should seek out explanation which can answer both a reputable court. The Maharal of Prague (16th century), in his commentary Gur Aryeh, adds that this refers to a court which has the most learned and righteous judges.

There are numerous questions on

this verse. Firstly, why the double expression of the word "tzedek", righteousness? Secondly, the verse continues and states that it is in order that "you will live and take possession of the land" (Israel). What with the reward of life; there is no is the connection between seeking a righteous, reputable court and inheriting the land of Israel?

Ramban (Rabbi Moshe ben Nachman, 1194-1270) quotes the Midrash of Rabbi Nechunya ben Hakanah who provides a novel these questions. He explains that this eternal reward for all mitzvot. With verse is a reference to the concept of reward and punishment. When the verse states the word "tzedek", it is referring to justice in this world. After that, it is written "in order that

you will live and inherit the land," meaning, if a person judges themselves and remembers where they came from and where they are going, then God will provide them greater life for a Jew than in the promised land of Israel.

Furthermore, Ramban continues and explains why the verse mentions "tzedek" twice. The first "tzedek" refers to justice in this world and the second refers to justice in the World to Come, Olam Haba, which is the this explanation we can now understand the connection between the two parts of the verse and why it mentions tzedek twice.

Quiz Time!

1. The word "shofetim" means _____.

2. Which word is repeated twice, one after another. in a famous verse in this week's Torah reading?

3. This week's parasha tells us about special cities to which a person could flee, called

4. Who could go to these cities?

5. And when would they be let out of the city?

6. In this week's parasha, a human being is compared to a _____.



Answers: 1. Judges 2. Tzedek- righteousness 3. Cities of Refuge Φ . A person who killed someone by accident. 5. When the High Priest passed away 6. Tree